

**Highlights of the week**



- VHT reporting in 8 central districts

- IDSR training effect on weekly data completeness

**Summary Table**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Week 31**  **2015** | **Week 32**  **2015** |
| % Districts | 100 | 100 |
| Ave % HU | 68 | 64 |
| % Timely  reports | 90 | 80 |
| AFP | 7(0) | 5 (0) |
| Rabies | 314 (0) | 355 (1) |
| Cholera | 0 | 0 |
| Dysentery | 930 (0) | 849 (0) |
| Guinea  Worm | 0 | 0 |
| Malaria | 211448 (58) | 215414 (49) |
| Measles | 332 (0) | 222 (0) |
| Meningitis | 12 (0) | 8 (0) |
| NNT | 1 (0) | 2 (0) |
| Plague | 0 | 0 |
| Typhoid | 1846 (0) | 1961 (1) |

**Completeness of Reporting**

The percentage of districts that reported this week was 100%. Reporting rate from health facilities reduced from 68% in week 31 to 64% in week 32 (**Figure 1**). Thirty six districts (32%) achieved the reporting target of ≥80% compared to 30% in week 31. Dokolo, Amudat and Bukwo districts achieved 100% reporting. The effect of IDSR training on reporting completeness shows a general increase; Pader has 59.4% (19/32) and Kampala has 55% (97/176) health facilities reporting.

**Timeliness**

The average timeliness in reporting was 80%; and 62 districts achieved the timely reporting target of ≥80% compared to 94 districts in week 31.

**Epidemiological week 32 of 2015 [2nd – 8th Aug 2015]**

To further support the surveillance system, village Health Teams (VHTs) are expected to report various disease events and conditions. As piloted in 8 districts, the number of trained and active VHTs was compared with the reporting rate, which is still low (**Figure 2**) although timely (**Figure 3**). This is important to increase the sensitivity of the health facility based system



**Disease Outbreaks**

**Cholera**: No cholera cases were reported this week from Kasese or Arua districts. Arua district has continued with some health messages on radio to ensure that no new cases are missed.

**Measles:** There was a 30% decrease in the number of suspected cases of Measles reported, and 18 districts were above the alert threshold of 5 suspected cases. Twenty districts reported more than the threshold of 5 suspected but only 8 of these had ≥5 suspected cases reported from one sub-county. Cases above 10 were reported in Kampala (22 cases), Mbarara (17 cases), Kyegegwa (16 cases), Nakaseke (14 cases), Luweero (13 cases), Kamwenge (12), Rukungiri (12 cases) and Sheema (11 cases).

**Other priority diseases**

**AFP:** Four cases in Kumi district and 1 case in Oyam district were reported. Budaka, Buvuma, Manafwa, Mitooma, Namayingo, Napak and Otuke districts have not yet reported a case of AFP in

2015. The Non-polio AFP rate is 1.97/100,000 among children 0 –

14 years compared to 1.76/100,000 children for the corresponding week of 2014. The adequate samples collection rate is 87.4%

compared to 85.3% for the corresponding week of 2014. NPENT

rate is 14.0% compared to 15.4% for the corresponding week of

2014. 15 AFP cases were reported and investigated during week 32 by the following districts: two cases in Namutumba, Sironko and

Tororo; and one case each in Kaabong, Kabale, Zombo, Adjumani, Kibuku, Kotido, Maracha, Oyam and Pallisa.

**Malaria:** At national level, there was a 6% increase in Malaria cases in week 32, although deaths reduced from 58 to 49. In the 10 districts with malaria outbreak, there was a slight reduction in number of cases (**Figure 4**) to a total of 39917 in week 32 compared to 42607 in week

31. The number of health units in districts with stock out of artemisinin combination therapy (ACTs) has reduced in some of the districts, but Rubirizi was the most affected (**Figure 5**). Analysis of the malaria channels for the other districts shows that all the districts are still getting the expected number of cases (no upsurges or outbreak).

**Neonatal tetanus:** One case each was reported in Kampala and Kumi districts.

**Maternal deaths:** Eight maternal and 12 perinatal deaths were reported in 8 health facilities i.e. 7 hospitals and 1

HC III in 8 districts (Table 1). Six of these facilities have submitted death audit reports.

**Typhoid fever:** Suspected typhoid fever cases were reported in 91 districts, with high numbers above the alert threshold (20 cases in a week) were 29, including Kampala (306 cases).

**Influenza:** Out of 6 samples collected and processed by Makerere University Walter Reed Project, only 1 was

Influenza A positive.

**Table 1: Maternal and perinatal deaths reported in week 32 by different health facilities**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **District Health Facility Maternal Perinatal**  **Deaths Deaths** | | | |
| **Adjumani** | Adjumani Hospital | 1 | 2 |
| **Kampala** | Mulago National Referral Hospital | 1 | 3 |
| **Mpigi** | Nkozi Hospital | 1 | 0 |
| **Kasese** | Nyabirongo HC III | 1 | 0 |
| **Kayunga** | Kayunga Hospital | 1 | 2 |
| **Kasese** | Kagando Hospital | 1 | 2 |
| **Ibanda** | Ibanda Hospital | 1 | 2 |
| **Kamuli** | Kamuli Mission Hospital | 1 | 1 |

**International events:**

**MERS-CoV:** In Saudi Arabia, 2 new cases, no death were reported by MOH, 17 Aug 2015. There have been a total of 1087 laboratory confirmed cases of MERS-CoV infection including 474 deaths, 588 recoveries and 24 currently active cases including 2 on home isolation <<http://wecanstopthis.moh.gov.sa/en>>

**Undiagnosed Haemorrhagic Fever in Congo:** Laboratory results from a suspected case of VHF from Kisangani

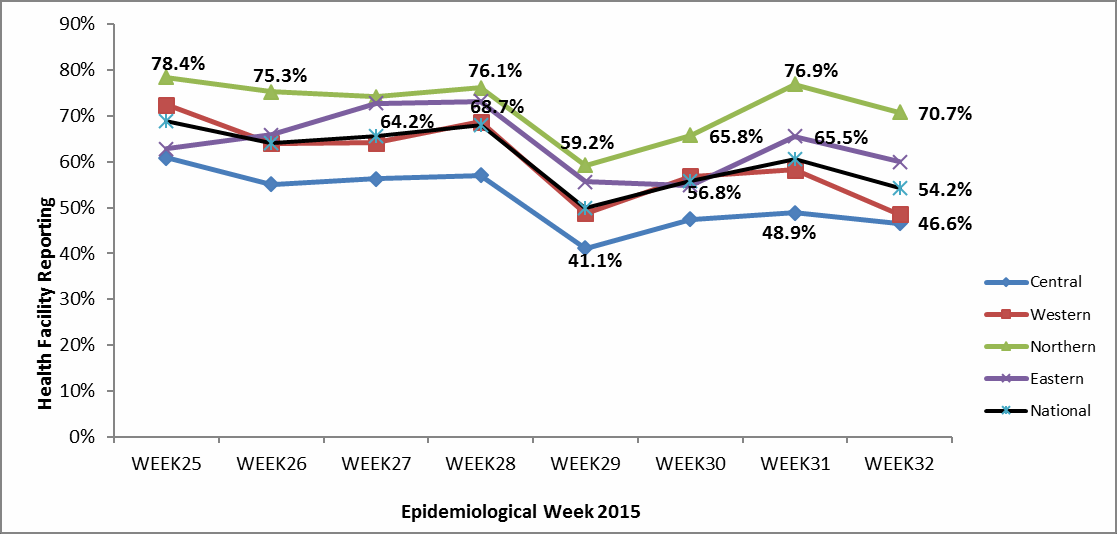
General Hospital on 07-08-2015 indicated that the case was negative for Ebola and Marburg VHFs.

**District level performance:**

Based on several performance indicators in the DHIS-2 system, considering reporting rates, timeliness in reporting, submission of verified epidemiological data, monthly reporting and other indices, the top five and bottom three districts by region were generated as part of feedback (**Table 2**).

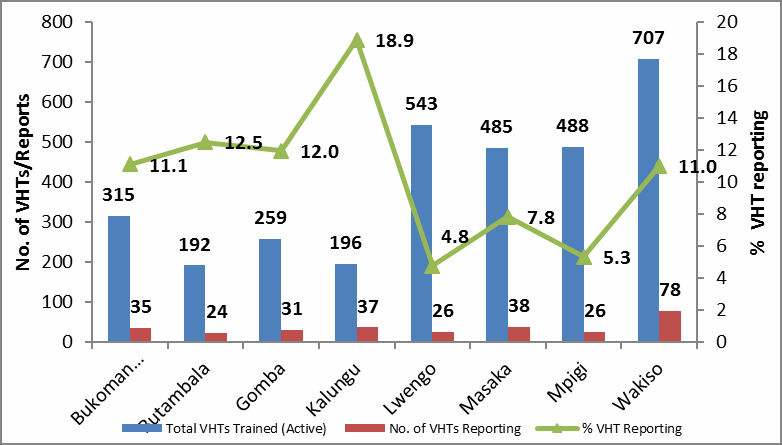
**Table 2: Performance of districts in DHIS-2 indicators showing the top five and bottom three districts by region**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Central Western Northern Eastern** | | | | |
| **TOP** | Luwero | Rukungiri | Koboko | Pallisa |
| Kayunga | Mbarara | Amuru | Sironko |
| Buikwe | Isingiro | Lamwo | Tororo |
| Mayuge | Hoima | Yumbe | Bukwo |
| Gomba | Kamwenge | Zombo | Busia |
|  |  | | | |
| **BOTTOM** | Kiboga | Bundibugyo | Kotido | Kween |
| Kaliro | Ntoroko | Abim | Katakwi |
| Bukomansimbi | Sembabule | Alebtong | Bududa |



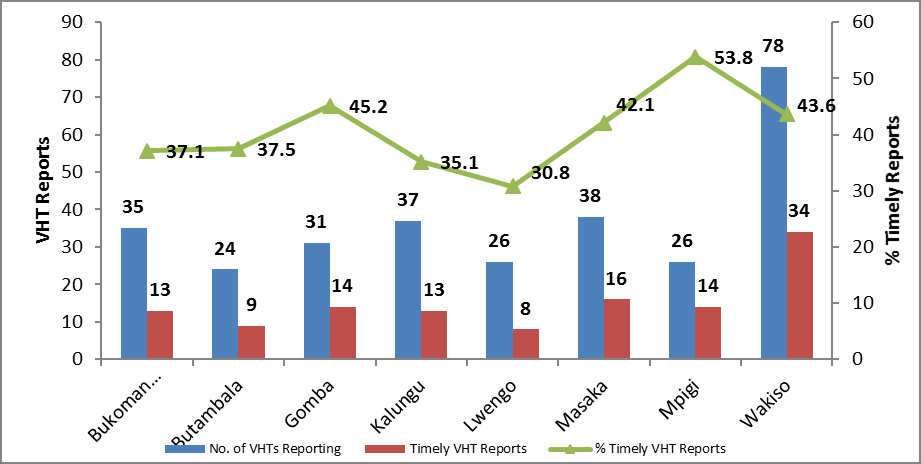
**Figure 1: Completeness of weekly epidemiological reporting by region in week 32, 2015.** Districts in the central region have the

lowest level of completeness in reporting, while the northern region districts still lead.



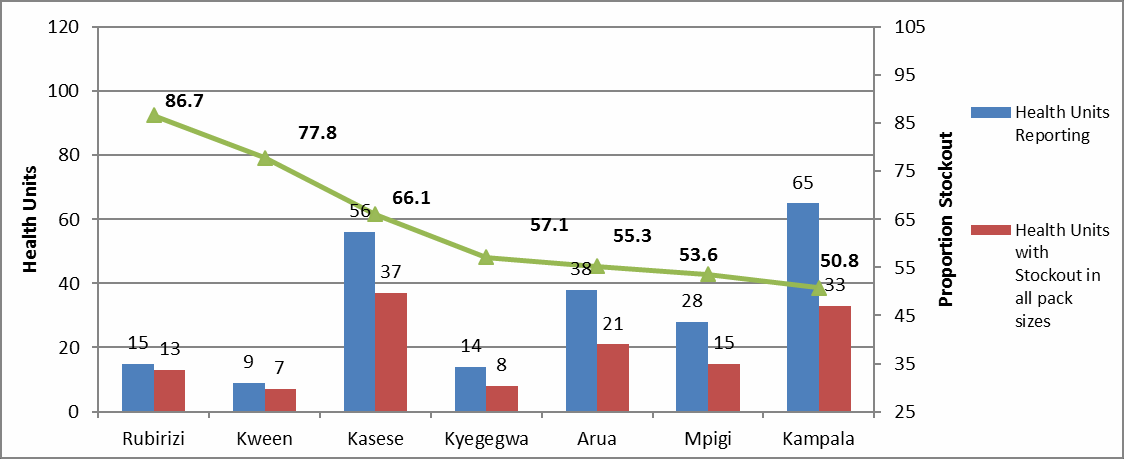
**Figure 2: Number of VHT reports received from the trained and active VHTs in 8 central region districts.** The proportion of VHT

reports got is highest in Kalungu (19%)



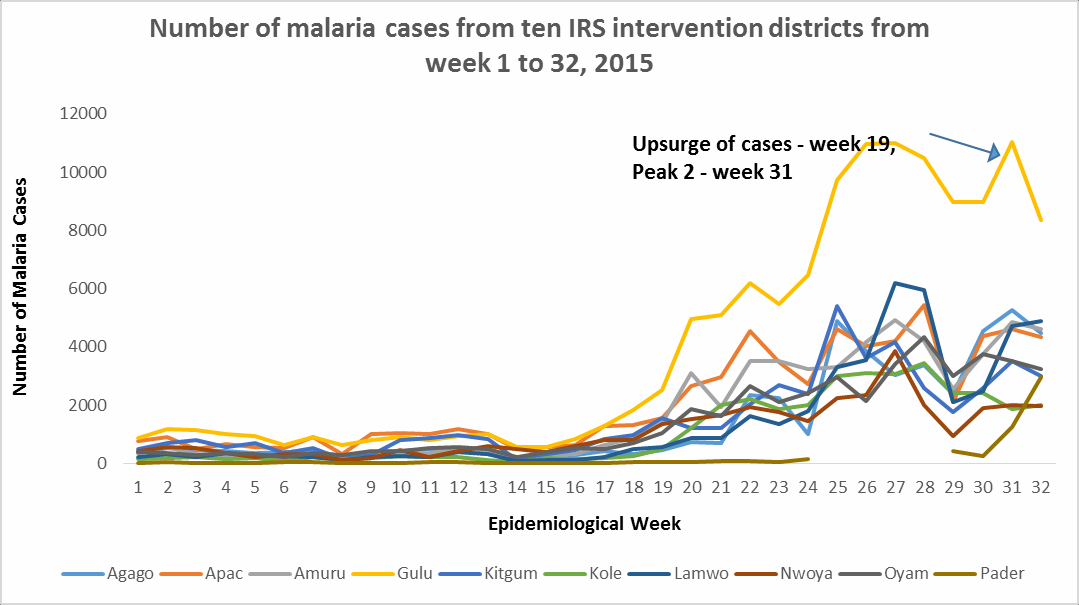
**Figure 3: Proportion of timely VHT reports from 8 central region districts.** Although few, the proportion of timely reports is higher in

Mpigi (54%) and Gomba (45%)

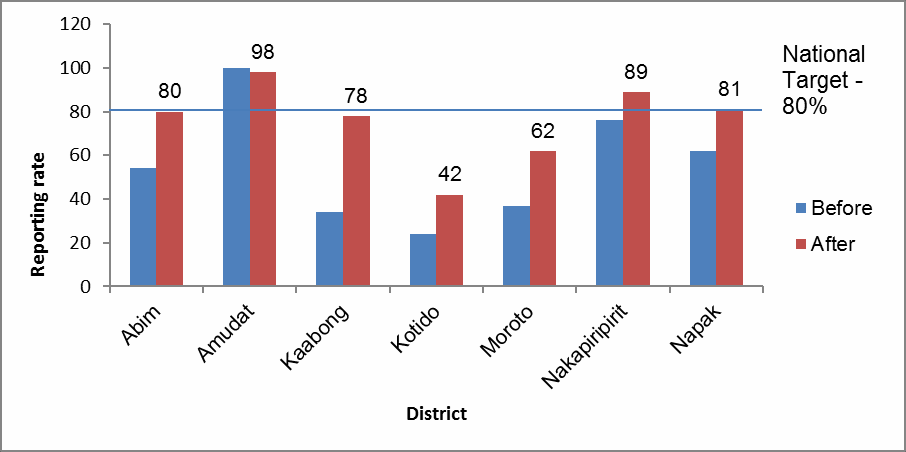


**Figure 4: Districts with the highest proportions health facilities with antimalarial stock outs in all pack sizes.** Rubirizi (87%)

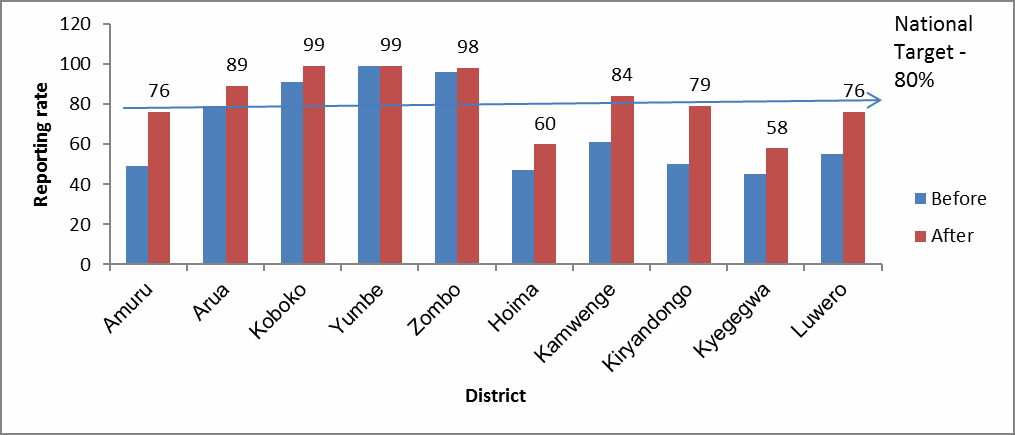
followed by Kween (78%) had the highest percentage among the seven districts



**Figure 5: Malaria cases reported by epidemiological week from the 10 former IRS districts in Northern Uganda.** Gulu has had the highest number of cases, but most districts has another peak in week 31



**Figure 6: Average district performance in Karamoja region (Cohort 1) before and after IDSR training.** There is a general improvement in reporting completeness before and after the IDSR training although Moroto and Kotido have not achieved the 80% national target.



**Figure 7: Average reporting completeness of weekly data by districts (Cohort 2) before and after IDSR training.** Amuru, Hoima,

Kwgegwa and Luwero have not achieved the 80% national target, but have showed improvement.

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**Summary table for epidemiological reports received for week ending 8th August 2015**

**(Numbers in brackets indicate deaths)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **District** | **% of H/U**  **reporting** | **AFP** | **Animal bite (Suspected Rabies)** | **Cholera** | **Dysentery** | **Guinea**  **Worm** | **Malaria** | **Measles** | **Meningitis** | **NNT** | **Plague** | | **Typhoid**  **Fever** |
| Abim | 80 | 0 | Rabn | 0 | 7 | 0 | 1249 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| Adjumani | 89 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 | 0 | 3736(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | |
| Agago | 82 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 4469 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Alebtong | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 241 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Amolatar | 85 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 471 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | |
| Amudat | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 859(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | |
| Amuria | 77 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 5550 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | |
| Amuru | 84 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 4632 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Apac | 89 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4348(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Arua | 75 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 26 | 0 | 3789(2) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35 | |
| Budaka | 84 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1949 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | |
| Bududa | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1468(1) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | |
| Bugiri | 44 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 1445 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 12 | |
| Buhweju | 53 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 135 | 14 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6 | |
| Buikwe | 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1962 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 49 | |
| Bukedea | 24 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 729 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Bukomansimbi | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 584 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | |
| Bukwo | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 738 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | |
| Bulambuli | 63 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1059 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Buliisa | 64 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 575 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Bundibugyo | 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 2116 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | |
| Bushenyi | 58 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1173(1) | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 57 | |
| Busia | 86 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 5555 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | |
| Butaleja | 79 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 1726 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | |
| Butambala | 91 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 865 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | |
| Buvuma | 46 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 201 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Buyende | 59 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 1023(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| Dokolo | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 826 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| Gomba | 90 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1137 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | |
| Gulu | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 48 | 0 | 8368(1) | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 60 | |
| Hoima | 52 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 35 | 1 | 3266 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35 | |
| Ibanda | 34 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 845(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Iganga | 48 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4389(1) | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Isingiro | 68 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 2194(1) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 | |
| Jinja | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1959(3) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | |
| Kaabong | 63 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 2439 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | |
| Kabale | 80 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 335 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Kabarole | 72 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 3179(2) | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 | |
| Kaberamaido | 48 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1669 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | |
| Kalangala | 75 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 215 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | |
| Kaliro | 52 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1839 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Kalungu | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 430 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | |
| Kampala | 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 0 | 3284(1) | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 306 | |
| Kamuli | 59 | 0 | 35 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5469(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | |
| Kamwenge | 78 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 2608 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | |
| Kanungu | 71 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 736 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 48 | |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **District** | **% of H/U**  **reporting** | **AFP** | **Animal bite (Suspected Rabies)** | **Cholera** | **Dysentery** | **Guinea**  **Worm** | **Malaria** | **Measles** | **Meningitis** | **NNT** | **Plague** | | **Typhoid**  **Fever** |
| Kapchorwa | 85 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 1359 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Kasese | 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 3511(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 28 | |
| Katakwi | 26 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1535 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Kayunga | 72 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1886(3) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | |
| Kibaale | 55 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 997 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 90 | |
| Kiboga | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 366 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | |
| Kibuku | 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 740 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Kiruhura | 64 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1629 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Kiryandongo | 73 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1563 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | |
| Kisoro | 92 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 268 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | |
| Kitgum | 76 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 3009 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 23 | |
| Koboko | 94 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 2214(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | |
| Kole | 92 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2015 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Kotido | 53 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 1749 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 92 | |
| Kumi | 57 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 2252 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 56 | |
| Kween | 89 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 567(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | |
| Kyankwanzi | 71 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 726 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | |
| Kyegegwa | 93 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 913 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Kyenjojo | 73 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2080(1) | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | |
| Lamwo | 86 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4895 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Lira | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1549(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| Luuka | 52 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2394 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Luwero | 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 2109 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 77 | |
| Lwengo | 32 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 722 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | |
| Lyantonde | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 338 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 | |
| Manafwa | 88 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 2420 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | |
| Maracha | 93 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 1252 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Masaka | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 668 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Masindi | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1642 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18 | |
| Mayuge | 57 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 3666 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| Mbale | 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1645(3) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| Mbarara | 85 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1598(1) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | |
| Mitooma | 71 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1646 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | |
| Mityana | 47 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1885 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Moroto | 71 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 1327(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | |
| Moyo | 98 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 3767 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 40 | |
| Mpigi | 64 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 943 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26 | |
| Mubende | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 303(1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 | |
| Mukono | 56 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 1557 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | |
| Nakapiripirit | 88 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 2509 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | |
| Nakaseke | 43 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 1005 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 | |
| Nakasongola | 31 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 37 | 0 | 1053 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | |
| Namayingo | 28 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 1206 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | |
| Namutumba | 62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 2265 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | |
| Napak | 71 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1522 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Nebbi | 79 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 2499(3) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | |
| Ngora | 92 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3545 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Ntoroko | 67 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 178 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Ntungamo | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 971 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **District** | **% of H/U**  **reporting** | **AFP** | **Animal bite (Suspected Rabies)** | **Cholera** | **Dysentery** | **Guinea**  **Worm** | **Malaria** | **Measles** | **Meningitis** | **NNT** | **Plague** | | **Typhoid**  **Fever** |
| Nwoya | 95 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1987 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Otuke | 92 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 530 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Oyam | 89 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 3230 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | |
| Pader | 59 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 2964(1) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | |
| Pallisa | 82 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 2943(4) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | |
| Rakai | 29 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1641 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | |
| Rubirizi | 88 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 495 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | |
| Rukungiri | 81 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1680 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | |
| Sembabule | 46 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 953 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | |
| Serere | 73 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1613(2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | |
| Sheema | 77 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1036 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Sironko | 86 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 2279 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Soroti | 46 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 3721 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 | |
| Tororo | 72 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 3317 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | |
| Wakiso | 48 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 2869 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 69 | |
| Yumbe | 88 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 2982 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | |
| Zombo | 90 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 882 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | |
| National | 64 | 5 (0) | 355 (0) | 0 | 849  (0) | 0 | 215414  (49) | 332  (0) | 12  (0) | 2  (0) | 0 | 1961  (0) | |

**Key:** Yellow: 100% reporting, Green: 80-99% reporting, Red: Below 80% reporting HU= Health Units, AFP=Acute Flaccid Paralysis, NNT=Neonatal Tetanus **Compiled by the Epidemiological Surveillance Division, Ministry of Health**