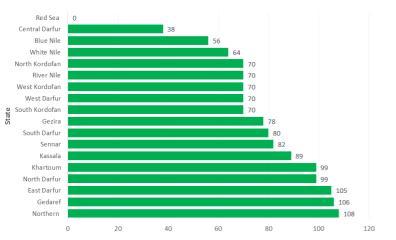
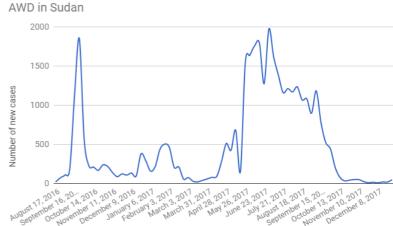


- Continued surveillance shows 2 localities (Port Sudan and Sawakin) with active case transmissions.
- During the next meeting with FMoH, WHO will discuss conditions of a declaration of AWD control.



VECTOR CAMPAIGNS COVERED 523,761 PEOPLE



AWD CASES PER WEEK (AUG 2016 - DEC 2017)

DAYS SINCE LAST AWD CASE PER STATE

PAGE 1

WEEK 52 - SNAPSHOT

Public Health Needs

WHO is advocating for enhanced AWD response to continue, while starting preparedness work to avoid further risk of AWD. WHO and the Federal Ministry of Health (FMoH) are developing a national strategic plan on AWD preparedness.

To eliminate the transmission of AWD completely, response activities must continue until four-week consecutive zero reporting is effected in all localities nationwide, with laboratory confirmation of stool samples for the same causative agents. WHO and FMoH proposed an in-depth evaluation of AWD response and risk assessment to refine and re-strategize control efforts in early 2018.

FMoH, in consultation with WHO and other stakeholders, has also explored the need and possibility of introducing the Oral Cholera Vaccination (OCV). Assessments took place in all 18 states of Sudan. Target areas and groups in 13 states have been selected and the plan to identify beneficiaries in each state is in progress with all stakeholders.

AWD ResponseDuring Week 52, WHO continued its interventions five of six key areas. For
Capacity Building, 18 health staff received training. Regarding Case
Management, WHO continued support for 12 CTCs in treating severely
dehydrated individuals and all 46 AWD cases in Red Sea. In the area of
Medicine and Medical Supplies, WHO continued monitoring the availability of
medicines and supplies at health facilities and provided supplies to 2 localities
covering 72,000 people. Regarding Water Quality Control, WHO tested 167
water samples from sources covering 705,063 people. For Vector Control, WHO
staff treated 376 donkey carts and 2,184 fly breeding sites, covering 523,761
people.

* response activities reported in this bulletin do not yet include FMoH/SMoH activities

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DETAILED STATUS UPDATE WEEK 52

• The current AWD outbreak wave in Sudan is unprecedented, starting from 17 August 2016 from Kassala state and spreading to 10 states in May 2017, 12 states in June 2017, 16 states in July 2017 and 18 states in August 2017.

• The outbreak has caused a total of 36,460 cases (Attack Rate – 10.24 per 10,000) including 818 deaths (Case Fatality Rate: 2.3%).

• During week 52, a total of 46 new cases were reported with no new deaths, which represents a significant reduction from nearly 2,000 cases per week in June 2017. Nevertheless, the level of new cases is the highest it has been since Week 44 (50 new cases), and more than twice the average of all weeks since then (17.7 new cases on average from Week 45 - Week 51). Active transmission has been reduced to only 2 localities (13 from Port Sudan, 33 from Sawakin) in Red Sea State. However, to eliminate the spread of AWD completely, response activities must continue until four-week consecutive zero reporting is effected nationwide.

• A situation assessment of Red Sea State is urgently called for given the persistent cases over the last 7-8 weeks. Results of such a potential assessment will be shared through this bulletin.

• Currently 1,563 sites across the country are regularly reporting AWD case information to FMoH as part of the routine communicable diseases surveillance system.

• A risk analysis conducted in June 2017 estimated that an additional 36,000 - 40,000 cases would occur over the following 6-9 months period. One third of estimates has been reached over the first 3 months, however the attack rate has recently slowed down in most states.

• WHO advises partners to shift their public health approach towards multi-sectoral interventions, moving from purely emergency response to also building out recovery and development. During the next meeting with FMoH, WHO will discuss conditions of a declaration of AWD control.

• Fundraising continues in support of stronger health systems and improved preparedness.

Please note: estimates of AWD generated are for planning purposes and to set up preventive and treatment activities only, since risk and vulnerabilities may change due to factors such as meteorological circumstances, response activities, population movements, and improved surveillance.

DETAILED EPIDEMIOLOGY WEEK 52

| State | Total number of cases up to Week 52 | Total number of deaths up to Week 52 | AWD cases during Week 52 | AWD deaths during Week 52 | First case | Last case |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Kassala | 958 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 17 August 2016 | 1 October 17 |
| Blue Nile | 2358 | 78 | 0 | 0 | 4 September 2016 | 3 November 2017 |
| River Nile | 1953 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 10 September 2016 | 20 October 2017 |
| Gezira | 3434 | 66 | 0 | 0 | 15 September 2016 | 12 October 2017 |
| Sennar | 3744 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 17 September 2016 | 8 October 2017 |
| Khartoum | 2255 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 25 September 2016 | 21 September 2017 |
| Gedarif | 2266 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 16 September 2016 | 14 September 2017 |
| Red Sea | 1550 | 19 | 46 | 0 | 10 January 2017 | 29 December 2017 |
| Northern | 899 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 12 February 2017 | 12 September 2017 |
| White Nile | 8824 | 112 | 0 | 0 | 05 April 2017 | 26 October 2017 |
| North Kordofan | 1114 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 19 May 2017 | 20 October 2017 |
| South Kordofan | 1221 | 85 | 0 | 0 | 22 May 2017 | 20 October 2017 |
| West Kordofan | 343 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 24 May 2017 | 20 October 2017 |
| North Darfur | 674 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 14 June 2017 | 21 September 2017 |
| East Darfur | 775 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 20 June 2017 | 15 September 2017 |
| South Darfur | 2568 | 123 | 0 | 0 | 28 June 2017 | 10 October 2017 |
| West Darfur | 684 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 5 July 2017 | 20 October 2017 |
| Central Darfur | 840 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 2 August 2017 | 21 November 2017 |
| Total | 36,460 | 818 | 46 | 0 | | |

| State | Locality | AWD cases during Week 52 | AWD deaths during Week 52 | Total number of cases up to Week 52 | Total number of deaths up to Week 52 | State | Locality | AWD cases during Week 52 | AWD deaths during Week 52 | Total number of cases up to Week 52 | Total number of deaths up to Week 52 |
|------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| | Wad El Helo | 0 | 0 | 130 | 8 | | Al Doiam | 0 | 0 | 1504 | 16 |
| | Khashm El Gerba | 0 | 0 | 68 | 5 | | Al Gutaina | 0 | 0 | 1337 | 17 |
| | Halfa | 0 | 0 | 360 | 6 | | Kosti | 0 | 0 | 702 | 10 |
| | Nahr Atbara | 0 | 0 | 250 | 4 | | Quli | 0 | 0 | 1056 | 21 |
| | Refi Kassala | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | | El Salam | 0 | 0 | 312 | 7 |
| | Shamal Eldalta | 0 | 0 | 95 | 0 | | Tandalti | 0 | 0 | 729 | 10 |
| | Gharbi Kassala | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | Sile | Rabak | 0 | 0 | 1765 | 19 |
| sals | Aroma | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | White | Al Gabalain | 0 | 0 | 869 | 10 |
| Kassala | Kassala | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | | Um Remta | 0 | 0 | 550 | 2 |
| | El Rusaires | 0 | 0 | 913 | 32 | | Shaikan | 0 | 0 | 877 | 9 |
| | El Damazin | 0 | 0 | 1131 | 26 | | Um Rouaba | 0 | 0 | 160 | 1 |
| | Bao | 0 | 0 | 23 | 1 | | Bara | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| | Wad Elmahi | 0 | 0 | 13 | 1 | _ | Soudary | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| ۵ | El Tadamon | 0 | 0 | 120 | 6 | ofar | Um Dam Haj Ahmed | 0 | 0 | 27 | 1 |
| Blue Nile | Gaisan | 0 | 0 | 148 | 10 | North Kordofan | Jabrat Elshaikh | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Blue | El Kormok | 0 | 0 | 10 | 2 | Ŧ | El Rahad | 0 | 0 | 20 | 2 |
| | Al Damir | 0 | 0 | 704 | 9 | South Kordofan Nor | Gharbi Bara | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| | Attbara | 0 | 0 | 95 | 2 | | Kadugli | 0 | 0 | 44 | 2 |
| | Bar Bar | 0 | 0 | 349 | 8 | | El Abassia | 0 | 0 | 179 | 14 |
| | Shandi | 0 | 0 | 409 | 3 | | Abu Karshoula | 0 | 0 | 56 | 5 |
| <u>e</u> | Al Mattamaa | 0 | 0 | 372 | 6 | | Al Dalanj | 0 | 0 | 296 | 23 |
| River Nile | Abu Hamd | 0 | 0 | 22 | 2 | | Abu Jebaha | 0 | 0 | 63 | 10 |
| 1.2 12 | Al Buhaira | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | | El Tadamon | 0 | 0 | 169 | 4 |
| | Wad Madani | 0 | 0 | 1105 | 20 | | Al Quoz | 0 | 0 | 103 | 6 |
| | Ganoub Al Gazira | 0 | 0 | 475 | 8 | | Talody | 0 | 0 | 13 | 2 |
| | Hasahisa | 0 | 0 | 306 | 5 | | Rashad | 0 | 0 | 136 | 5 |
| | Sharg Al Gazira | 0 | 0 | 455 | 12 | | Al Liri | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| | Al Gorashi | 0 | 0 | 188 | 0 | | Al Reif El Shargi | 0 | 0 | 24 | 4 |
| | Um Elgura | 0 | 0 | 457 | 8 | | Habila | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Ge zira | El Kameleen | 0 | 0 | 50 | 1 | | Gadeer | 0 | 0 | 129 | 9 |
| 0 0 | El Managil | 0 | 0 | 398 | 12 | West Kordofan | Lagawa | 0 | 0 | 23 | 7 |
| | Abu Hugar | 0 | 0 | 460 | 5 | | Kailk | 0 | 0 | 8 | 3 |
| | Sennar | 0 | 0 | 1080 | 7 | | Abu Zabad | 0 | 0 | 247 | 21 |
| | Sharg Sennar | 0 | 0 | 469 | 3 | | El Sonot | 0 | 0 | 37 | 0 |
| | Sinja | 0 | 0 | 668 | 6 | | Al Odia | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| | Al Souki | 0 | 0 | 549 | 9 | | Babanosa | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | El Nohood | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| | Al Dali wa Almazmum | 0 | 0 | 219 | 0 | | El Foula | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Sennar | | | | | | | Wad Banda | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Se | Al Dindir | 0 | 0 | 299 | 4 | | El Khowi | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |

PAGE 4

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| <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---------------------|----|---|-----|----|-----------------------|-------------------|---|---|-----|----|
| | Jabel Awlia | 0 | 0 | 300 | 2 | | Dar Elsalam | 0 | 0 | 212 | 10 |
| | Um Badah | 0 | 0 | 274 | 6 | | Elfashir | 0 | 0 | 62 | 6 |
| | Sharg Elnile | 0 | 0 | 642 | 10 | 5 | Tawila | 0 | 0 | 78 | 3 |
| | Khartoum | 0 | 0 | 292 | 2 | arf | Kabkabya | 0 | 0 | 176 | 8 |
| Ę | Bahri | 0 | 0 | 547 | 6 | North Darfur | Elserif | 0 | 0 | 143 | 2 |
| Khartoum | Um Dorman | 0 | 0 | 87 | 1 | No | Sarf Omra | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Ϋ́ | Karrari | 0 | 0 | 113 | 6 | | Bahr Al Arab | 0 | 0 | 323 | 18 |
| | Al Guresha | 0 | 0 | 142 | 2 | East Darfur | Shairya | 0 | 0 | 193 | 4 |
| | Gedarif City | 0 | 0 | 550 | 7 | | El Dain | 0 | 0 | 50 | 1 |
| | El Fashaga | 0 | 0 | 136 | 0 | | Assalaya | 0 | 0 | 80 | 17 |
| | El Fao | 0 | 0 | 102 | 0 | | Abu Jabra | 0 | 0 | 129 | 3 |
| | Galabat Gharbia | 0 | 0 | 330 | 5 | South Darfur | Belil | 0 | 0 | 851 | 58 |
| 1 | Wasaat El Gedarif | 0 | 0 | 145 | 6 | | Nyala North | 0 | 0 | 333 | 13 |
| 1 | Galabat Shargia | 0 | 0 | 237 | 3 | | Nyala South | 0 | 0 | 530 | 26 |
| 1 | Basonda | 0 | 0 | 40 | 0 | | Mershing | 0 | 0 | 68 | 2 |
| 1 | Gala El Nahal | 0 | 0 | 185 | 2 | | Eid Elfursan | 0 | 0 | 198 | 3 |
| | El Rahad | 0 | 0 | 333 | 8 | | El Salam | 0 | 0 | 145 | 2 |
| Gedarif | El Manfaza | 6 | 0 | 60 | 0 | | Greida | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| ð | Al Butana | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | | Kass | 0 | 0 | 251 | 15 |
| | Port Sudan | 13 | 0 | 925 | 7 | | Al Wehdah | 0 | 0 | 20 | 0 |
| 1 | Touker | 0 | 0 | 381 | 9 | | Shargi El Jabal | 0 | 0 | 136 | 1 |
| 1 | Sinkat | 0 | 0 | 61 | 1 | | Kubum | 0 | 0 | 17 | 3 |
| 1 | Sawakin | 33 | 0 | 83 | 1 | | Tulus | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| 1 | Al Gouneb Wal Ollib | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | | Rehaid El Berdi | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| œ | Haya | 0 | 0 | 42 | 1 | 5 | El Genina | 0 | 0 | 27 | 1 |
| l Sea | Agig | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | st Darfur | Foro Baranga | 0 | 0 | 87 | 3 |
| Red | Jabait | 0 | 0 | 45 | 0 | | Kreink | 0 | 0 | 464 | 13 |
| | Dongla | 0 | 0 | 171 | 1 | Central Darfur West I | Habilaa | 0 | 0 | 106 | 3 |
| | El Borgig | 0 | 0 | 198 | 3 | | Zalingi | 0 | 0 | 443 | 18 |
| ç | Halfa | 0 | 0 | 109 | 3 | | Gharb Jebel Marra | 0 | 0 | 214 | 5 |
| Northern | Dalgo | 0 | 0 | 419 | 10 | | Azum | 0 | 0 | 141 | 2 |
| | Al Goulid | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | | Wadi Salih | 0 | 0 | 30 | 1 |
| | | | | | | Cen | Waset Jebel Marra | 0 | 0 | 12 | 1 |

DETAILED AWD RESPONSE WEEK 52

Capacity Building

• WHO, with support from FMoH, trained 18 health staff on AWD clinical case management and infection prevention in two Red Sea State localities covering around 13,500 population.



Case Management

• WHO provided technical and operational support for 12 CTCs in Red Sea and West Darfur states, covering the catchment areas of 467,000 people.

• WHO also supported 3 CTCs in 2 localities in Red Sea State with administering severely dehydrated patients who are at risk of shock.

• WHO support to these CTCs consists of 45 beds, 5 medical doctors, medical assistance, 19 nurses and auxiliary staff, and 56 supporting staff. These facilities cover about 27,000 people at risk.

- Each of the 3 CTCs contain an ORT corner using the WHO/UNICEF ORS standard sachet.
- WHO technical staff continue AWD daily reporting and assessment of CTCs in all states.



Medicine and Supplies

• WHO continued monitoring supplies to the supported CTCs in two localities for medicine, IV fluids and medical supplies. Supplies for around 25 cases are available. More than 72,000 people are indirectly covered.



• WHO continues to support SMoHs on routine water quality control and other WASH measures for AWD prevention in 17 states.

• In Red Sea State, WHO tested 167 samples from water sources across 4 localities, serving 705,063 people. 89 samples (53.3%) were safe for human consumption.

• WHO further provided Red Sea state with technical support to increase the levels of chlorine supply and disinfection measures covering 689,123 populations in 3 localities (Port Sudan, Touker and Sawakin). WHO also provided consumable reagents for bacteriological water quality testing.



Vector control

• WHO advised MoHs to disinfect all donkey carts in Sawakin locality and WHO staff disinfected 376 carts in collaboration with SMoH.

• 4 vector control campaigns and 2,184 breeding site treatments took place in Port Sudan and Sawakin localities, to reduce fly density, and covering 523,761 people.

As reported by UNICEF

Support on community intervention

• In Red Sea State, UNICEF supported Health Promotion unit on conducting 1,210 household visit and organized 6 forums in Sawakin, Toker and Port Sudan localities reaching about 4,830 individuals to deliver key messages on AWD preventive practices such as importance of hand washing with soap in critical times, drinking water from safe source and food safety. Also, individual and group orientation sessions were organized at Port Sudan hospital reaching about 350 individuals.

• Communication materials were distributed to support the campaigns (ORS and hand washing booklets and posters) reaching about 13,500 individuals.

• Red Sea State radio broadcast thrice-daily messages on AWD prevention practices, reaching the ten localities; State TV also broadcast programs twice a week.

As reported by World Relief

• During week 52, World Relief staff were active on capacity building, cleaning, supply delivery, and water quality control, in several locations across Central Darfur (Golo area, Umshalaya, Nertiti, and Kairo).

• In Kormol and Tarbi (Golo area), World Relief printed and distrubuted guidelines and AWD protocols in 2 BHU, as well as conducting supportive supervision visits in 2 sites. During the visit, staff conducted 8 on-the-job trainings, checked AWD case records, conducted cleaning campaigns, and conducted an orientation on ORT corner setup and operation.

• A total of 80 cartons (1 carton contains 2000 sachets) of Water Purifier were prepositioned to Golo, to be distributed next week.

• 22 water samples (14 from households and 8 from water sources) from Umshalaya and Nertiti were tested for bacteriological contamination, showing that 8 samples (3 from water sources and 5 from households) were contaminated with the *E-coli* bacteria.

• 195 community volunteers conducted 2 cleaning campaigns at water points.

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